

## Interactive Catalog Replaces Catalog Pages

Honeywell Sensing and Control has replaced the PDF product catalog with the new **Interactive Catalog**. The **Interactive Catalog** is a power search tool that makes it easier to find product information. It includes more installation, application, and technical information than ever before.



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### **Sensing and Control**

Honeywell Inc.

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# Temperature Sensors

## Platinum RTDs

HEL-776/HEL-777



### FEATURES

- Linear resistance vs temperature
- Accurate and interchangeable
- Excellent stability
- Small size
- Printed circuit mountable
- Ceramic SIP package

### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- HVAC – room, duct and refrigerant equipment
- Instrument and probe assemblies
- Electronic assemblies – temperature compensation
- Process control – temperature regulation

HEL-776 and HEL-777 platinum RTDs are designed to measure temperatures from  $-55^{\circ}$  to  $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $-67^{\circ}$  to  $302^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) in printed circuit boards, temperature probes, or other lower temperature applications. Solderable leads in 0.050" or 0.100" spacing provide strong connections for wires or printed circuits.

The 1000 $\Omega$ , 375 alpha version, provides 10x greater sensitivity and signal-to-noise. Both are ideal for air temperature sensing.

### ORDER GUIDE

HEL-776-A	Molded SIP pkg. 0.100" lead spacing
HEL-777-A	Molded SIP pkg. 0.100" lead spacing
-U	1000 $\Omega$ , 0.00375 $\Omega/\Omega/^{\circ}\text{C}$
-T	100 $\Omega$ , 0.00385 $\Omega/\Omega/^{\circ}\text{C}$
-0	$\pm 0.2\%$ Resistance Trim (Standard)
-1	$\pm 0.1\%$ Resistance Trim (Optional)

### MOUNTING DIMENSIONS (for reference only) mm/in.

#### HEL-776-A



#### HEL-777-A



Fig. 1: Wheatstone Bridge 2-Wire Interface



Fig. 2: Linear Output Voltage



Fig. 3: Adjustable Point (Comparator) Interface



### CAUTION PRODUCT DAMAGE

The inherent design of this component causes it to be sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). To prevent ESD-induced damage and/or degradation, take normal ESD precautions when handling this product.

Temperature

# Temperature Sensors

HEL-776/HEL-777

## Platinum RTDs

### FUNCTIONAL BEHAVIOR

$$R_T = R_0(1 + AT + BT^2 - 100CT^3 + CT^4)$$

RT = Resistance ( $\Omega$ ) at temperature T ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

R<sub>0</sub> = Resistance ( $\Omega$ ) at 0 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

T = Temperature in  $^{\circ}\text{C}$

$$A = \alpha + \frac{\alpha \delta}{100} \quad B = \frac{-\alpha \delta}{100^2} \quad C_{T < 0} = \frac{-\alpha \beta}{100^4}$$

### CONSTANTS

<b>Alpha, <math>\alpha</math> (<math>^{\circ}\text{C}^{-1}</math>)</b>	0.00375 $\pm 0.000029$	0.003850 $\pm 0.000010$
<b>Delta, <math>\delta</math> (<math>^{\circ}\text{C}</math>)</b>	$1.605 \pm 0.009$	$1.4999 \pm 0.007$
<b>Beta, <math>\beta</math> (<math>^{\circ}\text{C}</math>)</b>	0.16	0.10863
<b>A (<math>^{\circ}\text{C}^{-1}</math>)</b>	$3.81 \times 10^{-3}$	$3.908 \times 10^{-3}$
<b>B (<math>^{\circ}\text{C}^{-2}</math>)</b>	$-6.02 \times 10^{-7}$	$-5.775 \times 10^{-7}$
<b>C (<math>^{\circ}\text{C}^{-4}</math>)</b>	$-6.0 \times 10^{-12}$	$-4.183 \times 10^{-12}$

Both  $\beta = 0$  and  $C = 0$  for  $T > 0^{\circ}\text{C}$

### ACCURACY VS TEMPERATURE

Temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	Standard $\pm 0.2\%$		Optional $\pm 0.1\%$	
	$\pm \Delta R^*$ ( $\Omega$ )	$\pm \Delta T$ ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	$\pm \Delta R^*$ ( $\Omega$ )	$\pm \Delta T$ ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
-200	6.8	1.6	5.1	1.2
-100	2.9	0.8	2.4	0.6
0	2.0	0.5	1.0	0.3
100	2.9	0.8	2.2	0.6
200	5.6	1.6	4.3	1.2
300	8.2	2.4	6.2	1.8
400	11.0	3.2	8.3	2.5
500	12.5	4.0	9.6	3.0
600	15.1	4.8	10.4	3.3

\* 1000 $\Omega$  RTD. Divide  $\Delta R$  by 10 for 100 $\Omega$  RTD.

### RESISTANCE VS TEMPERATURE CURVE



### SPECIFICATIONS

Sensor Type	Thin film platinum RTD: $R_0 = 1000 \Omega @ 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; $\alpha = 0.00375 \Omega/\Omega/^{\circ}\text{C}$ $R_0 = 100 \Omega @ 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; $\alpha = 0.00385 \Omega/\Omega/^{\circ}\text{C}$
Temperature Range	TFE Teflon: $-200^{\circ}$ to $+260^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( $-320^{\circ}$ to $+500^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) Fiberglass: $-75^{\circ}$ to $+540^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( $-100^{\circ}$ to $+1000^{\circ}\text{F}$ )
Temperature Accuracy	$\pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ or 0.8% of temperature $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( $R_0 \pm 0.2\%$ trim), whichever is greater $\pm 0.3^{\circ}\text{C}$ or 0.6% of temperature $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( $R_0 \pm 0.1\%$ trim), whichever is greater (optional)
Base Resistance and Interchangeability, $R_0 \pm \Delta R_0$	$1000 \pm 2 \Omega$ ( $\pm 0.2\%$ ) @ $0^{\circ}\text{C}$ or $100 \pm 0.2 \Omega$ ( $\pm 0.2\%$ ) @ $0^{\circ}\text{C}$ $1000 \pm 1 \Omega$ ( $\pm 0.1\%$ ) @ $0^{\circ}\text{C}$ or $100 \pm 0.2 \Omega$ ( $\pm 0.2\%$ ) @ $0^{\circ}\text{C}$ (optional)
Linearity	$\pm 0.1\%$ of full scale for temperatures spanning $-40^{\circ}$ to $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $\pm 2.0\%$ of full scale for temperatures spanning $-75^{\circ}$ to $540^{\circ}\text{C}$
Time Constant	$< 0.5$ sec, 0.85 inch O.D. in water at 3 ft/sec; $< 1.0$ sec, 0.85 inch O.D. in still water
Operating Current	2 mA maximum for self heating errors of $< 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; 1 mA recommended
Stability	$< 0.25^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{year}$ ; $0.05^{\circ}\text{C}$ per 5 years in occupied environments
Self Heating	$< 15\text{mW}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 0.85 O.D. typical
Insulation Resistance	$> 50 \text{M}\Omega @ 50 \text{VDC} @ 25^{\circ}\text{C}$
Construction	Alumina case; Epoxy potting (Teflon leads); Ceramic potting (fiberglass leads)
Lead Material	Nickel coated stranded copper, Teflon or Fiberglass insulated